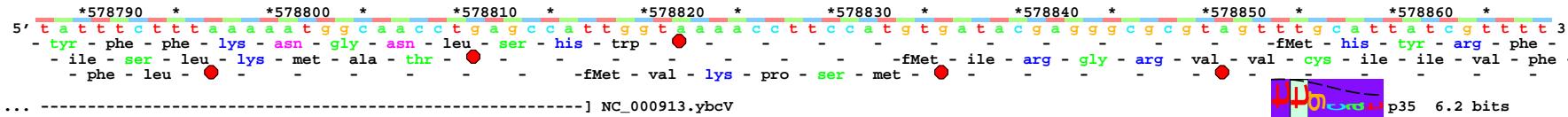


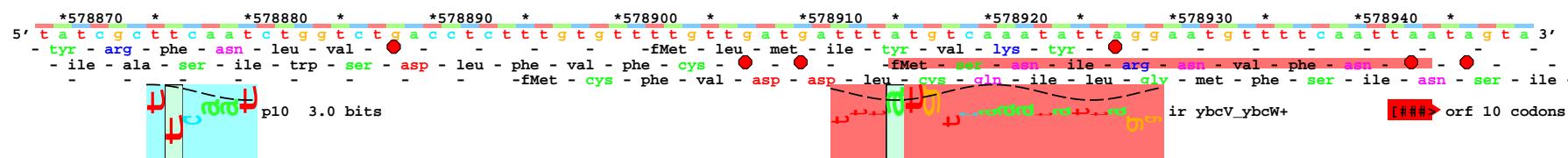
- 1 -

piece 1, NC_000913, ybcV_ybcW+, config: linear, direction: +, begin: 578788, end: 579122



p35 6.2 bits

```
... p35-(21)-p10 578876 Gap  
... p35-p10 578876 total 5.9  
... p35-(23)-p10 578878 Gap  
... p35-p10 578878 total 7.1
```



... -----} p35-(21)-p10 578876 Gap 3.3 bit

... -----| p35-p10 578876 total 5.9 bits
| p35 (23) -p10 578878 Gap 1

... -----| p35-p10 578878 total 7.1 bits

A diagram of a 4-bit register. It consists of four vertical columns representing bits, labeled 'a' (green), 'b' (blue), 'c' (red), and 'd' (cyan). A horizontal dashed line with a red arrow points to the right, labeled 'w' (write enable). The label 'p10 2.3 bits' is located to the right of the register.

p35 3.8 bits

[###> orf 10 codons

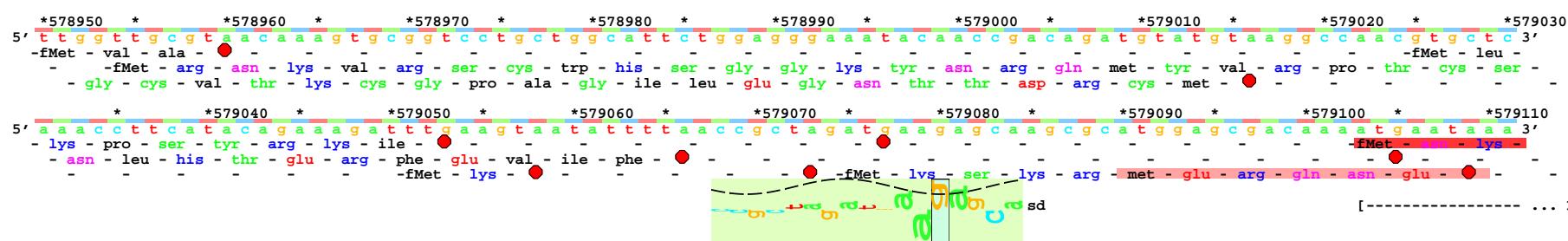
The figure shows a genomic sequence with several genes and tRNA genes. The genes are represented by arrows above the sequence, and tRNA genes by arrows below. The ybcV gene (red) overlaps with the ybcW gene (blue). Both genes have start sites indicated by red arrows and stop sites indicated by blue arrows. The ybcV gene has a putative promoter region labeled 'ybcV promoter' in green. Several tRNA genes are shown, with their anticodons in red and codons in green. The sequence is labeled with amino acid translations (e.g., fMet, ser, asn, ile, arg, asn, val, phe, asn, leu, cys, gln, ile, leu, gly, met, phe, ser, ile, asn, ser, ile) and positions (e.g., 578920, 578930, 578940).

```
d  
-----} sd-(8)-ir 578915 Gap 2.4 bits  
| sd ir 578915 ubkV ubkW total 5 7 bits
```

p35 3.8 bits

p10 3.0 bits

.4 bits



[----- ... NC_000913.ybcW

{-----} sd-(10)-ir 579090 Gap 2.7 bits [###> orf 7 codons
sd-ir 579090 vbcV vbcW+ total 5.5 bits

 p35 2.4 bits

|-----| sd-ir 579103 ybcV_ybcW+ total 11.1 bits

0000000000000000 p10 4.7 bits

{-----} p35-(24)-p10 579100 Gap 2.4 bits
-----| p35-p10 579100 total 4.7 bits

5' * *579120
g a a c a a t c t g c 3'
- - - - - - -
... ----- ... NC_000913.ybcW

... ir ybcV_ybcW+
